

Safety Data Sheet

GHS7 Hazardous, Dangerous Goods

SECTION 1 – STATEMENT OF CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name:	SOLVIT CITRUS CLEAN		
Synonyms:	260		
Product Code:	260		
SUPPLIER:	Penrite Oil Company Pty Ltd		
ADDRESS:	Australia: 110-116 Greens Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 New Zealand: 75 Lady Ruby Drive East Tamaki Auckland 2013		
TELEPHONE:	Australia: 1300 736 748; New Zealand: 0800 533 698	FAX:	Australia: 1800 736 748; New Zealand: 0800 533 698
EMERGENCY PHONE:	Australia: 1300 736 748; New Zealand: 0800 533 698	ABN:	25 005 001 525
Substance:	Solvent based cleaner	Product Use:	Solvent cleaner.
Creation Date:	October 2021	Revision Date:	October 2026
HSNO Approval Number:	HSR002528	HSNO GROUP TITLE:	Cleaning Products (Flammable) Group Standard 2020.
HS CODE:	2710.12.90	Email:	tech@penriteoil.com (Aust and NZ)

SECTION 2 – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

Based on available information, this material is classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and labelling of Chemicals (**GHS7**) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.

Poisons Schedule Not scheduled.

Dangerous Goods Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail" and the "New Zealand NZS5433: Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land".

GHS Classification

- Flammable Liquids Category 2
- Skin Irritation Category 2
- Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Category 1
- Skin Sensitisation Category 1
- Acute Aquatic Toxicity - 2 /Chronic Aquatic Toxicity – 2

HSNO Classification

- 3.1B Flammable liquid - high hazard
- 6.3A Substances that are irritating to the skin
- 8.3A Substances that are corrosive to ocular tissue.
- 6.5B Substances that are contact sensitisers.
- 9.1B Substances that are ecotoxic in the aquatic environment.

GHS Pictogram



GHS07



GHS02



GHS09



GHS05

GHS Signal Word

DANGER

Hazard statement(s)

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H315 Causes skin irritation.

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H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H401 / H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long-lasting effects.
Precautionary statement(s): General	
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P103	Read label before use.
Precautionary statement(s): Prevention	
P264	Wash hands and skin thoroughly after handling.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.
P261	Avoid breathing mist/ vapours/spray.
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241	Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting/...] equipment.
P242	Use non-sparking tools.
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
Precautionary statement(s): Response	
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/...
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].
P321	Specific treatment (use a barrier cream or skin moisturiser).
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362 +P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/...
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.
P391	Collect spillage.
Precautionary statement(s): Storage	
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Precautionary statement(s): Disposal	
P501	Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 3 – COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients:	CAS Number:	Proportion:
Ethanol	64-17-5	> 60% w/w
p-mentha-1,8-diene	5989-27-5	10 - 30% w/w
C12-C15 alcohol ethoxylate	68131-39-5	< 10% w/w

NOTE: Ingredients determined not to be hazardous are present in concentrations that do not exceed the relevant cut-off concentrations as found from NOHSC publication "List of Designated Hazardous Substances" or have been found NOT to meet the criteria of a hazardous substance as defined in the NOHSC publication "Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances", or have been found NOT to meet the criteria of a dangerous substance as defined in the GLOBALLY HARMONIZED SYSTEM OF CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING OF CHEMICALS (GHS).

SECTION 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES

Product Name: SOLVIT CITRUS CLEAN
Version: 1.0

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Scheduled Poisons	Poisons Information Centre in each Australian State capital city or in Christchurch, New Zealand can provide additional assistance for scheduled poisons. (Phone Australia 131126 or New Zealand 0800 764 766).
First Aid Facilities Required	Ensure there is access to eye washes and safety showers.
Inhalation	If affected, remove the patient from further exposure into fresh air, if safe to do so. If providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself - only enter contaminated environments with adequate respiratory equipment, once environment has been assessed for flammable vapours. Once removed, lay patient down in a well-ventilated area and reassure them whilst waiting for medical assistance. If the person feels unwell and symptoms, such as dizziness or uncoordination occur, contact the Poisons Information Centre (phone Australia 131 126; New Zealand 0800 764 766) whilst waiting for medical assistance. If not breathing, provide artificial respiration and seek immediate medical assistance. If unconscious, place in a recovery position and seek immediate medical assistance. If irritation develops or persists, consult a Doctor.
Skin contact	Wash skin with plenty of water. Seek medical advice (e.g. doctor) if irritation, burning or redness develops. Seek medical advice (e.g. doctor).
Eye contact	If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eyes continuously with running water. Remove contact lenses. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Do NOT attempt to give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water immediately. Give water to drink. If vomiting occurs, give further water to achieve effective dilution. Seek urgent medical advice (e.g. doctor).
Advice to Doctor	Treat symptomatically. Inhalation of high vapour concentrations may cause central nervous system depression.

SECTION 5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Fire and Explosion Hazards	Liquid and vapour are highly flammable. Severe fire hazard when exposed to heat, flame and/or oxidisers. Vapour may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition. Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers.
Extinguishing Media	Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish. Avoid using full water jet directed at residual material that may be burning. Water may cause splattering on hot residues.
Fire Fighting	Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. May be violently or explosively reactive. Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course.
Flash Point	Approximately 13 °C

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedures	Ventilate area and extinguish and/or remove all sources of ignition. CAUTION: Vapour may form an explosive mixture with air. Never enter a spill area unless you know the vapours have dissipated to make the area safe. Stop the leak if safe to do so. CAUTION: The spilled product will be slippery. Avoid contact with the spilled material. Do not allow product to enter drains, surface water, sewers or watercourses - inform local authorities if this occurs. Take precautions against static discharge. Ensure all equipment is grounded and use non-sparking tools during clean up operations. Be careful of static discharges and/or sparking during clean up. For large spills prepare a bund/barrier/dyke ahead of the spill to confine the spill and allow later recovery.
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Occupational Release

Minor spills do not normally need any special clean-up measures. Rinse with water. In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses. Wear appropriate protective equipment as in section 8 below to prevent skin and eye contamination. Spilt material may result in a slip hazard and should be absorbed into dry, inert material (e.g. sand, earth or vermiculite), which then can be put into appropriately labelled drums for disposal by an approved agent according to local conditions. Residual deposits will remain slippery. Wash area down with excess water. If contamination of sewers or waterways has occurred advise the local emergency services. In the event of a large spillage notify the local environment protection authority or emergency services.

SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Avoid contact with the product by using appropriate protective equipment such as gloves, glasses or goggles and full-length clothing. Extinguish any potential sources of ignition before using as flammable vapours will be generated during application. Avoid breathing mists or vapours. Do not smoke when handling the material. Prevent small spills and leakage to avoid slip hazards. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fire hazards. Eating, drinking, and smoking should be prohibited in the area where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should follow good personal hygiene practices, such as washing hands before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Prevent product from entering waterways, drains or sewers. There is the potential for electrostatic accumulation in the product. As a precaution, containers should always be earthed before dispensing commences.

Storage

This product is classified as a Class 3 Flammable Liquid (Flash Point 13 °C). Store in a dry, well ventilated area away from direct sunlight, ignition sources, oxidising agents, foodstuffs and clothing. Keep containers closed when not in use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store only in original containers. It is recommended that the product is stored below 25°C.

SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

National Occupational Exposure Limits, as published by National Occupational Health & Safety Commission:

Time-weighted Average (TWA): None established for product.

For ingredients:

Ethanol: 1000ppm 1880mg/m3

Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL): None established for product.

For ingredients: NA

Control parameters

Biological Limits

No biological limits allocated.

PERSONAL PROTECTION PPE

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Ventilation

Use only in a well-ventilated area. Ensure ventilation is adequate to maintain air concentrations below exposure standards. Special ventilation is not normally required when using this product in normal use scenarios. However, in the operation of certain equipment, at elevated temperatures, or in confined spaces mists or vapour may be generated and local exhaust ventilation should be provided to maintain airborne concentration levels below the nominated exposure standard and at an acceptable level that does not cause irritation. PLEASE NOTE: Due to the highly flammable nature of the product, if there is a necessity to use ventilation equipment it should not be a potential source of ignition for any vapours generated.

Personal Protective Equipment

Use good occupational work practice. The use of protective clothing and equipment depends upon the degree and nature of exposure. Final choice of appropriate protection will vary according to individual circumstances i.e. methods of handling or engineering controls and according to risk assessments undertaken.

The following protective equipment should be available;

Eye Protection



The use of safety glasses with side shield protection, goggles or face shield is recommended to handle in quantity, cleaning up spills, decanting, etc. Contact lenses pose a special hazard; soft lenses may absorb irritants and all lenses concentrate them.

Skin Protection



Wear gloves. Nitrile rubber gloves are recommended. Overalls, apron, work boots and elbow length gloves are recommended for handling the concentrated product (as per AS/NZS 2161, or as recommended by supplier) to handle in quantity, cleaning up spills, decanting, etc.

Protective Material Types

Nitrile rubber gloves are recommended.

Respirator



If engineering controls are not effective in controlling airborne exposure then an approved respirator with a replaceable dust/particulate filter should be used. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning respiratory protective requirements. Reference should be made to Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715, Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716, Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State	Liquid	Colour	Yellow
Odour	Characteristic	Specific Gravity	Typically 0.83
Boiling Point	79 - 178 °C	Freezing Point	Not relevant
Vapour Pressure	Not available	Vapour Density	Not available
Flash Point	Approximately 13 °C	Flammable Limits	Ethanol 3.5 – 24.5%
Water Solubility	Miscible with water	pH	Not relevant
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)	95 % v/v	Coefficient of Water/Oil	
Viscosity	Not available	Distribution	Not available
Evaporation Rate	Not available	Odour Threshold	Not available
		Per Cent Volatile	95%

SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity Stable at normal temperatures and pressure. The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards other than those listed in the following sub-sections. With its low flash

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Chemical stability	point the product may form explosive mixtures with air at room temperature. Stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.
Conditions to avoid	The product has a flash point of 13°C. Avoid ignition sources including heat and sparks. Observe the usual precautionary measures for handling chemicals. Do not heat the container or leave the container open when not in use.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidising agents including concentrated acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	Product can decompose on combustion (burning) to form Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide, and other possibly toxic gases and vapours.
Hazardous Reactions	None known.

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Inhaled	Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation to the respiratory system. Inhalation of the vapour may result in drunkenness (as per effects of swallowing). Early symptoms may occur at airborne levels of 1000 to 5000 ppm.
Ingestion	Can cause drunkenness or harmful central nervous system effects. The deliberate ingestion of ethanol (50-100ml) may cause inebriation such that safety is impaired. Effects of a small intake may include excitation, euphoria, headache, dizziness, drowsiness, blurred vision, and fatigue. Ingestion of a large amount may lead to severe acute intoxication, tremors, convulsion, loss of consciousness, coma, respiratory arrest and death.
Skin Contact	Skin contact may result in irritation, redness, rash, dermatitis. Severity depends on the concentration and duration of exposure.
Eye	Eye contact with concentrate will cause stinging, blurring, tearing. Contact with concentrated product may cause serious eye damage.
Chronic exposure	Long term exposure by swallowing or repeated inhalation, may cause degenerative changes in the liver, kidneys, gastrointestinal tract and heart muscle.

Toxicology Information

Carcinogen Status

NOHSC No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NOHSC.

NTP No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NTP.

IARC No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by IARC.

Respiratory sensitisation Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin Sensitisation Classified as a category 1 skin sensitizer (D-limonene).

Germ cell mutagenicity Not considered to be a mutagenic hazard.

Reproductive Toxicity Not considered to be toxic to reproduction.

STOT-single exposure Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.

STOT-repeated exposure Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.

Aspiration Hazard Not expected to be an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Aquatic Toxicity

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Product (as sold) Acute Aquatic Toxicity Category 2
 H401 / H411 -Toxic to aquatic life with long-lasting effects. (LC50 >1.0 mg/L but < 10mg/L)
 Acute Aquatic Toxicity (ATE Calculated) LC50 fish: 5.7 – 5.8 mg/L.

Chronic Aquatic Toxicity	
Persistence and degradability	H401 / H411 -Toxic to aquatic life with long-lasting effects. Citrus Terpene is a biodegradable solvent occurring in nature as the main component of citrus peel oil.
Bio accumulative potential	Risk of bioaccumulation for D-limonene in an aquatic species is high.
Mobility in soil	Not available
Other adverse effects	Not available
Environmental Protection	Do not discharge this material into waterways.

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Product and Packaging Disposal Dispose of contents/container to chemical landfill. Consult local or regional waste management authority for further details.

SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG Marine Pollutant:



yes

CLASS:



Land Transport (ADG): Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail" and the "New Zealand NZS5433: Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land".

UN NUMBER: 1993
PROPER SHIPPING NAME: FLAMMABLE, LIQUID, N.O.S (Contains ETHANOL & D-LIMONENE).
PACKAGING GROUP: II
HAZCHEM CODE: •3YE
Special precautions for user: Special provisions 274

MARINE TRANSPORT: Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea.

UN NUMBER: 1993
PROPER SHIPPING NAME: FLAMMABLE, LIQUID, N.O.S (Contains ETHANOL & D-LIMONENE).
PACKAGING GROUP: II
HAZCHEM CODE: •3YE
Special precautions for user: EMS Number F-E , S-E
 Special provisions 274

AIR TRANSPORT: Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.


UN NUMBER: 1993
PROPER SHIPPING NAME: FLAMMABLE, LIQUID, N.O.S (Contains ETHANOL & D-LIMONENE).
PACKAGING GROUP: II
HAZCHEM CODE: •3YE

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ERG Code:	3H
Special precautions for user:	Special provisions A3 Cargo Only Packing Instructions 364 Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack 60 L Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions 353 Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack 5 L Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instructions Y341 Passenger and Cargo Limited Maximum Qty / Pack 1 L

SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION

Montreal Protocol (Ozone depleting substances).	Not applicable.
The Stockholm Convention (Persistent Organic Pollutants).	Not applicable.
The Rotterdam Convention (Prior Informed Consent).	Not applicable.
Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste).	Not applicable.
INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION FOR THE PREVENTION OF POLLUTION FROM SHIPS (MARPOL):	 Yes
Poison Schedules:	Not scheduled.
AICS	All components of this product are listed on or exempt from the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).
NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals):	All components of this product are listed on or exempt from the New Zealand Inventory of Chemical (NZIoC).
HSNO Approval Number:	HSR002528 Cleaning Products (Flammable) Group Standard 2020.

SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION

Issue Date:	3 rd October 2021
Version Number:	V 1.0 GHS7 Classification
Prepared by:	This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Tuwai Specialties on behalf of its client. tuwai.wt@bigpond.com
Abbreviations and acronyms	ADG Code: Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. AICS: Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances. CAS Number: Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number. GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals HAZCHEM: An emergency action code of numbers and letters which gives information to emergency services. HCIS: Hazardous Chemicals Information System IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer. NOHSC: National Occupational Health and Safety Commission. NTP: National Toxicology Program (USA). SDS: Safety Data Sheet STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit.

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SUSMP: Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

TWA: Time Weighted Average.

UN Number: United Nations Number.

Literature references

Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals – Code of Practice (Safe Work Australia).

GHS Hazardous Chemical Information List (Safe Work Australia).

Guidance on the Classification of Hazardous Chemicals under the WHS Regulations.

Global Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS).

“Australian Exposure Standards”. Safework Australia.

Australian Code For The Transport Of Dangerous Goods By Road And Rail.

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

Material Safety Data Sheets – individual raw materials – Suppliers.

HSIS – Hazardous Substance Information System – National Safe Work Australia Data Base.

HCIS – Hazardous Chemical Information System – National Safe Work Australia Data Base.

HSNO Assigning a Product to a HSNO Approval May 2013 / Revised June 2014.

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 and Regulations.

Thresholds and Classifications Under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 JANUARY 2012 (CONTENT AS ORIGINALLY PUBLISHED MARCH 2008) Environmental Protection Authority Te

Mana Rauhi Taiao NZ.

Disclaimer

This MSDS summarizes at the date of issue our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of this product, and in particular how to safely handle and use this product in the workplace. Since the supplier cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, review this MSDS in the context of how the user intends to handle and use the product in the workplace. If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate assessment can be made, the user should contact this supplier.

End of SDS